

Part VI: Summary of the risk management plan

Summary of risk management plan for Ivermectin STADA 3 mg, tablets (Ivermectin)

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Ivermectin Stada. The RMP details important risks of Ivermectin Stada, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about Ivermectin Stada's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Ivermectin Stada's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Ivermectin Stada should be used.

I. The medicine and what it is used for

Ivermectin Stada is authorised for:

- Treatment of gastrointestinal strongyloidiasis (anguillulosis).
- Treatment of suspected or diagnosed microfilaraemia in patients with lymphatic filariasis due to *Wuchereria bancrofti*.
- Treatment of human sarcoptic scabies. Treatment is justified when the diagnosis of scabies has been established clinically and/or by parasitological examination. Without formal diagnosis treatment is not justified in case of pruritus (see SmPC for the full indication).

It contains ivermectin as the active substance and it is given orally.

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Ivermectin Stada, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Ivermectin Stada's risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation* measures.

If important information that may affect the safe use of Ivermectin Stada is not yet available, it is listed under 'missing information' below.

II.A List of important risks and missing information

Important risks of Ivermectin Stada are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely taken. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Ivermectin Stada. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine);

List of important risks and missing information	
Important identified risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hypersensitivity reactions• Encephalopathy following treatment in patients with heavy <i>Loa loa</i> co-infection
Important potential risks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lack of efficacy in immunocompromised patients
Missing information	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use in lactation• Drug interaction

II.B Summary of important risks

The safety information in the proposed Product Information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

II.C Post-authorisation development plan

II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of Ivermectin Stada.

II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan

There are no studies required for Ivermectin Stada.